



Faculty of Law (Undergraduate)  
Programs, Courses and University Regulations  
2012-2013



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This publication provides guidance to prospects, applicants, students, faculty and staff.

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- 4 . All students registered at McGill University are considered to have agreed to act in accordance with the University procedures, policies and regulations.
- 5 . Although advice is readily available on request, the responsibility of selecting the appropriate courses for graduation must ultimately rest with the student.
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- 7 . The academic publication year begins at the start of the Fall semester and extends through to the end of the Winter semester of any given year. Students who begin study at any point within this period are governed by the regulations in the publication which came into effect at the start of the Fall semester.
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**Note: Throughout this publication, "you" refers to students newly admitted, readmitted or returning to McGill.**

*Publication Information*

Published by

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McGill University  
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Canada

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# 1 The Faculty of Law

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## 1.1 The Faculty of Law at McGill

The Faculty of Law is situated in four graceful 19th-century mansions plus a modern, six-storey building nestled partway up Mount Royal, looking down on the main campus and the city's commercial hub. McGill law professors are expert in both civil and common law traditions, with many emphasizing a comparative approach, most readily demonstrated by the number of international law specialists. This depth gives students a wide choice of courses in public and private international law, including human rights and international business law.

### 1.1.1 Location

Chancellor Day Hall  
3644 Peel Street  
Montreal, Quebec H3A 1W9  
Canada

Telephone: 514-398-6666  
Website: [www.mcgill.ca/law](http://www.mcgill.ca/law)

Undergraduate Admissions  
3644 Peel Street, Room 418  
New Chancellor Day Hall  
Montreal, Quebec H3A 1W9  
Telephone: 514-398-6602  
Email: [undergradadmissions.law@mcgill.ca](mailto:undergradadmissions.law@mcgill.ca)

Graduate Admissions  
3644 Peel Street, Room 406

### 1.1.3 Faculty Administrative Staff

## 1.1.6 Faculty Members

### Teaching Faculty

Wendy Adams; B.A.(Laur.), LL.B.(Tor.), LL.M.(Mich.)

Payam Akhavan; LL.B.(York), LL.M., S.J.D.(Harv.) (*on leave*)

Kirsten Anker; B.Sc., LL.B., Ph.D.(Syd.) (*on leave*)

Mark Antaki; B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.), M.A., Ph.D.(Calif.)

Frédéric Bachand; LL.B.(Montr.), LL.M.(Camb.), LL.D.(Montr.), Docteur en droit(Paris II)

Adelle Blackett; B.A.(Qu.), LL.B., B.C.L.(McG.), LL.M., J.S.D.(Col.) (*William Dawson Scholar*)

Angela Campbell; B.A., B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.), LL.M.(Harv.) (*on leave*)

Allison Christians; J.D.(Col.), LL.M.(New York University School of Law) (*H. Heward Stikeman Chair in the Law of Taxation*)

François Crépeau; B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.), D.E.A.(Paris II), LL.D.(Paris I) (*Hans and Tamar Oppenheimer Chair in Public International Law*)

Helge Dedek; Assessor iuris(First and Second German State Examination in Law), LL.M.(Harv.), Ph.D.(Bonn)

Paul S. Dempsey; A.B.J., J.D.(Georgia), LL.M.(George Washington), D.C.L.(McG.) (*Tomlinson Professor of Global Governance*) (*on leave*)

Jaye Ellis; B.A.(Calg.), LL.B., B.C.L.(McG.), LL.M.(Br. Col.), D.C.L.(McG.) (*Hydro-Québec Sustainable Development Law Scholar*)

Yaël Emerich; B.C.L.(Paris II), LL.M.(Paris II), D.E.A.(PMontr)

*Def. 0 12leaveMcG.);g(P 1)F2 8:1001 332.761 REmear3REm12(er; BC.L.(M.. 1 437.041 7m()3REm12(er; A. Janda1 0 0 1 90.036 678.521 Tm(ar3REm12(er; 186.*

## Teaching Faculty

Margaret A. Somerville; A.M., F.R.C.S., A.u.A.(Pharm.)(Adel.), LL.B.(Syd.), D.C.L.(McG.), LL.D. Hon. Causa(Windsor, Macquarie, St. FX), D.Sc. Hon. Causa(Ryerson), Hon. Degree Doctor of Humane Letters(Mt. St. Vin.), Doctor of Sacred Letters Hon. Causa(St. Marks College, Br. Col.) (*Samuel Gale Professor of Law*)

Shauna Van Praagh; B.Sc., LL.B.(Tor.), LL.M., J.S.D.(Col.)

Catherine Walsh; B.A.(Dal.), LL.B.(New Br.), B.C.L.(Oxf.)

Daniel Weinstock; B.A., M.A.(McG.), D.Phil.(Oxf.)

## Adjunct Professors

Kenneth Atlas; B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.)

Donald Bunker; B.A.(Sir G. Wms.), B.C.L., LL.M., D.C.L.(McG.)

Pierre Deschamps; L.Sc.R., B.C.L.(McG.)

Jeffrey Edwards; B.C.L., LL.B.(McG.), LL.D.(Laval)

Stephan Eriksson; LL.M.(Uppsala)

Morris J. Fish; B.A., B.C.L., LL.D.(McG.)

Robert Godin; B.C.L.(McG.), B.A.(Sir G. Wms.)

Sunny Handa; B.Com.(McG.), LL.B.(Tor.), LL.M., D.C.L.(McG.)

Andrew Harakas; B.A.(Mich.), LL.B.(Juris Doctor)(Mich. St.), LL.B.(Witw.), D.C.L.(McG.)

Patrick Healy; B.A.(Vic., BC), B.C.L.(McG.), LL.M.(Tor.)

Rod Margo; LL.M.(McG.), Ph.D.(Lond.)

Peter Nesgos; D.C.L.(McG.)

John Saba; B.A., M.A., LL.B., LL.M., D.C.L.(McG.)

Francis P. Schubert; B.C.L., D.E.S. Rel. intern., Ph.D. La

Maryvon Côté; B.A.(Ott.), M.L.I.S.(McG.)

**Liaison Librarian**

Svetlana Kochkina; M.L.I.S.(McG.)

**Liaison Librarian**

Louisa Piatti; B.A.(Montr.), M.L.S.(McG.)

**Liaison Librarian**

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## 1.2 About the Faculty of Law

The Faculty of Law offers a creative and challenging approach to legal education that introduces students to civil law and common law concepts and encourages them to critically evaluate the two traditions. McGill's transsystemic method fosters not only outstanding analytical ability, but also critical reflection and openness to diverse approaches to legal problems.

### 1.2.1 History of the Faculty of Law to 1968

In the spring of 1848, a group of 23 students reading law for the Bar of Quebec petitioned McGill College to grant them formal instruction leading to a degree in law. In their petition, they pledged to attend the courses offered by William Badgley, a prominent Montreal advocate and circuit judge, who had been giving occasional lectures in law within the Faculty of Arts since 1844. Due to this request, the Board of Governors of McGill formally established a program of instruction in law on July 15, 1848.

In 1852, the Gov

1850s and 1860s through the study of the Institutes of Justinian, the dominant law of pre-Napoleonic France in the form of the *Coutume de Paris*, and that monument of late 18th-century English law, the *Commentaries of William Blackstone*.

The Faculty believ



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#### 1.4 Admission to the Legal Profession

The Faculty's Career Development Office (CDO) endeavours to maintain up-to-date information on Bar admission requirements for jurisdictions of interest





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## 1.7 Research Centres

Three research institutes are affiliated to the Faculty of Law: the Institute of Comparative Law (ICL); the Institute of Air and Space Law (IASL); and the Institute for Eu.7

Centre sponsors the Civil Law Workshops at the Faculty which are designed to explore the foundations of the civil law tradition, and many of which have led to published collections of scholarly texts. It also serves as the focus for research relating to the implications for legal knowledge of the Faculty's ground-breaking program of integrated legal education. Most recently in these contexts, Centre scholars have been exploring the interaction of intellectual property law with fundamental private law, and the rising profile of the trust in civil law systems.

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## 2 Undergraduate Studies

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### 2.1 Overview of Undergraduate Degrees Offered

Our undergraduate Law program integrates the Civil Law and the Common Law. Consequently, students in the undergraduate program obtain a double degree of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Common Law.



Applicants seeking admission to study on a part-time basis must submit a separate letter giving the reasons why they want to study part-time. The Faculty evaluates applications for part-time study on the same basis as those for full-time study.

Students granted permission to register on a part-time basis must register for a minimum of nine credits per term, and complete all the requirements of the B.C.L./LL.B. program within seven academic years.

Candidates seeking admission on a part-time basis must fulfil



the criteria for admission to the first year of the B.C.L./LL.B. program. Particular attention is paid to performance in law studies and reasons for requesting a transfer.

Successful transfer applicants must complete a minimum of 75 credits at McGill. The Associate Dean (Academic) determines credit for previous studies. In most cases, Transfer Students will be required to take the trans-systemic first-year courses—Contractual Obligations and Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts—in order to meet McGill's degree requirements. Candidates will not receive credit for courses in obligations, contract, or tort taken during a first year completed at another faculty.

- Transfer Students should forward transcripts of Winter term results as soon as they become available. Transfer applications cannot be evaluated without these results.
- Candidates who have completed a certificate in law are not eligible to apply under the Transfer category. These candidates must apply in the category of University, Mature, or CEGEP. Courses completed in a certificate in law program cannot be credited toward a McGill law degree.
- Students who are not in good Standing or who have been required to withdraw at the end of their first year at another Canadian law faculty are not eligible to transfer to McGill.
- The online application is av

- Students registered in other Quebec universities who wish to take certain courses within the Faculty must apply through



After completing the online application, candidates must ensure that required supporting documents are uploaded via Minerva (or, if necessary, mailed directly to the Admissions Office at the Faculty of Law). Documents sent by mail must be postmarked or delivered on or before the dates listed in [section 2.2.2.7: Application Deadlines for Law Undergraduate Programs](#). Documents sent by fax or email will not be accepted, unless specifically indicated in the instructions for document submission. See [section 2.2.2.8.7: Letters of Reference](#).

During peak periods (i.e., close to deadlines), the volume of document intake is extremely high (over 1600 applications yearly) and there may be a delay of up to 48 hours between the receipt of a document and the date on which it is recorded in our information system. Taking this delay into consideration, candidates should contact the Undergraduate Admissions Office only if their file remains incomplete 48 hours past the deadline for supporting documents.

Documents submitted to McGill University in support of an application to be admitted, including, but not limited to transcripts, diplomas, letters of reference, and test scores (in paper or electronic format), become the property of McGill University and will not be returned to the applicant or forwarded to another institution.

#### 2.2.2.8.1 Uploading supporting documents

You are strongly encouraged to upload your supporting documents rather than mailing them. Uploading your documents saves you time, effort, and the expense of mailing transcripts and supporting documents to us. It prevents delays normally incurred in the processing of paper documentation, allows you to associate your documents with the correct application and requirement, and assures you that your documents have been received.

Documents that can be uploaded via Minerva	Number of uploads allowed
Unofficial transcripts	Updated version accepted
Personal statement	One
Resumé	Updated version accepted
Letter of extenuating circumstance (if applicable)	One
Part-time letter (if applicable)	One

Please see the instructions for [uploading](#) supporting documents. Documents that have been successfully uploaded to an application do not need to be sent by mail.

#### 2.2.2.8.2 Mailing supporting documents

Below is the address for supporting documents, if submitting in person, by mail, or courier:

Undergraduate Admissions Office

Fws sent by maiby 5 Tmr.7 28 Tnd wao9 424.8 T 0 0 1 337.114 463.7 Tm doto t3d1nco(ed.)Tje:Tj/Fdoto t3d1nco2(94Tj1 0 0v65aTte114502t3d1nco2(94w Ch02.1

1. **CREPUQ transcripts:** Applicants need not submit paper-based official transcripts of studies performed in Quebec universities to the Admissions Office if these transcripts are submitted electronically via the CREPUQ system. Transcripts submitted via the CREPUQ system are considered official.
2. **McGill transcripts:** Applicants need not submit official transcripts of studies at McGill University to the Admissions Office. The Admissions Office obtains these results directly from McGill's Enrolment Services. Applicants who participated in an exchange during their program at McGill must submit a transcript.
3. **Exchange studies transcripts:** Applicants must submit transcripts for results in studies carried out while on exchange, unless the marks as well as the credits obtained are already included on transcripts issued by their home university. Exchange programs should be indicated in the University History form of the online application.
4. **Transcripts not in French or English:** Transcripts in a language other than English or French must be accompanied by an English or French translation provided either by the school issuing the transcript or by a certified translator.
5. **CEGEP transcripts (Permanent Code):** Applicants who are currently, or have been, enrolled at a CEGEP must provide their Permanent Code. Starting **mid-October** each year, McGill will obtain official CEGEP transcripts electronically from the *Ministère de l'Éducation, du Loisir et du Sport* (MELS). The processing of applications for applicants who are currently, or have been, enrolled at a CEGEP will not take place until a valid Permanent Code is provided.
6. **Quebec French Baccalaureate:** Applicants in Quebec French Baccalaureate programs must submit official transcripts.
7. **Winter term transcripts for Transfer students:** Transfer students should forward the official transcript of their Winter term results as soon as they become available. Transfer applications cannot be evaluated without these results.
8. **Transcripts will not be returned:** Transcripts sent to McGill become the property of the University and will not be returned or forwarded to other institutions.
9. **Law School Data Assembly Service:** The Faculty of Law at McGill **does not receive** transcripts through the Law School Data Assembly Service.
10. **French or English language courses:**

#### 2.2.2.8.5.1 Format

Indicate your name, McGill ID (indicated in the acknowledgment notice), and the subject of your letter "Extenuating circumstances" in the top right corner of each page.

#### 2.2.2.8.6 Résumé

Applicants are required to submit a résumé highlighting their

- academic background and achievements;
- work experience;
- volunteer and community work;
- extracurricular activities, sports, hobbies, and other significant interests.



**Note:** It is useful to the Admissions Committee if you indicate the number of hours worked during your studies, as well as the time commitment involved in your volunteer and community activities.

The résumé assists the Admissions Committee in its assessment of a candidate's academic strength, depth of involvement in extracurricular activities, leadership, and time management skills.

**Re-application:** Candidates who have applied to the Faculty of Law in previous years are required to submit an updated résumé.

#### 2.2.2.8.6.1 Format

The résumé can be longer than one page. Please indicate your name and McGill ID (indicated in the acknowledgment notice) in the top right corner of each page.

#### 2.2.2.8.7 Letters of Reference

Two (2) letters of reference are required.

Applicants who are students, or who have recently completed programs of study, are expected to provide academic references from current or recent professors or teachers who are familiar with their work. Applicants in the CEGEP and Quebec French Baccalaureate (*Collège international Marie de France* and *Collège Stanislas*) category are expected to submit two letters of reference from CEGEP or college professors.

Applicants who are unable to obtain academic references because they are no longer students should submit letters from individuals who are well placed to evaluate the applicant's academic abilities such as critical reading, research, and writing; these may be professional references, but ought to be from a person who is in a supervisory position vis-à-vis the applicant.

**Personal references are not helpful.**

#### 2.2.2.8.7.1 Requirements

The candidate **must send a copy of the Reference Letter Instructions [.pdf] to the referees** to ensure that the letters of reference meet the formatting requirements set out by the Faculty's Admissions Office. The *Law Reference Letter Instructions* form is available under [Letters of reference](#).

**Letters may be sent electronically by the referee via email.**

- Letters sent by University Career Centres will also be accepted if stated that the letters are confidential.

**If on paper, the sealed letter of reference may be given to the applicant directly or be mailed to the Law Admissions Office.**

1. The Admissions Office does not accept letters of reference by fax or by telephone.
2. While two letters of reference are required, the file of a candidate who indicates three referees will be considered incomplete until all three letters of reference have been submitted to the Admissions Office. A candidate who indicates three referees must advise the [Faculty of Law Admissions Office](#) **in writing** if they subsequently decide that they would like their candidacy to be considered on the basis of two references.

Law Sc

The Faculty of Law is a bilingual learning environment. We believe it would be disadvantageous to the significant proportion of applicants and admitted students who indicate French as a first language to require, as a matter of eligibility, a test that is offered only in English.

#### 2.2.2.8.8.1.2 Who should take the LSAT?

While it is not required, it may nevertheless be advisable for many candidates to consider writing the LSAT. Admission to McGill's Law program is highly competitiv

Asian Pacific Law Association McGill  
 Black Law Students' Association of Canada  
 Disability and the Law  
 Environmental Law Association of McGill/Association de droit de l'environnement de McGill  
 Graduate Law Students Association  
 Human Rights Working Group  
 International Law Society  
 Labour and Employment Law Society  
 Latin American Law Students' Association (LALSA)  
 LEGALE McGill OutLaw (Les étudiants Gais et Lesbiennes de McGill)  
 McGill Business Law Association  
 McGill Entertainment Law Students Association (MELSA)  
 McGill Health Law Association  
 McGill Jewish Law Students Association  
 McGill Law Women's Caucus  
 McGill Radical Law Community/Communauté juridique radicale de McGill  
 Phi Delta Phi  
 Pro Bono Students Canada/Program Canadien pro bono pour étudiants et étudiantes  
 Rethinking Intellectual Property Policy (RIPP)  
 Student Animal Legal Defence Fund - McGill Chapter  
 Thomas More Society

## 2.4.2 Law Student Services

### 2.4.2.1 LSA Computer Advisory Committee

The LSA Computer Advisory Committee administers the student-funded Computer Labs at the Faculty of Law in conjunction with the Faculty. The Committee is composed of three student representatives (including a member of the LSA executive) and two Faculty members. The Committee provides for the technical support, maintenance, upgrading, and printing services of the LSA Computer Labs. The Committee is also responsible for the Faculty's email and electronic notice systems. The Committee strives to maintain and improve student computer services at the lowest cost.

### 2.4.2.2 McGill Legal Information Clinic

The McGill Legal Information Clinic is a student-run service for the McGill community. Law students provide legal counselling and information within the limits of the Quebec Bar Act. Only students who have completed first year are eligible to volunteer. For further information, call 514- 398-6792 or visit the clinic offices in Rooms B-20 and B-21, University Centre, 3480 McTavish Street.

### 2.4.2.3 *Quid Novi*

*Quid Novi* is the weekly newspaper of the McGill Faculty of Law, and is published and financially supported by students. It covers events and legal issues, both inside and outside the Faculty. Content ranges from wit and satire to investigative journalism, from poetry to front-page news stories, and from political commentary to humorous contests.

### 2.4.2.4 Skit Nite

Skit Nite is an annual theatrical event produced and performed by law students. Comprising humorous vignettes of law school life and musical performances, the show has become the highlight of the Faculty social calendar. The primary purpose of the

- The Richard and Hilda Golick Mooting Sponsorship, established in 1994 and funded by the proceeds from the Law and You Seminars, also provides financial assistance to students participating in competitive mooting.
- The McCarthy Tétrault Foundation donation to the Faculty in support of competitive mooting.

#### 2.4.4 Legal Methodology Teaching Groups

Third and fourth year students may apply to the Legal Methodology Program Director, following a call for applications in the Winter term, to serve as student tutors for the Legal Methodology Program in the following year. The first and second year students are divided into groups for learning and applying research skills, and practising legal writing and advocacy; student tutors participate in designing assignments, commenting on their students' work, and judging moots. Student tutors enrol in the teaching course attached to the Program, which is supervised by the Director, and receive academic credits for their participation.

#### 2.4.5 Law Journals

The Faculty of Law at McGill University publishes several law journals including the *McGill Law Journal* (MLJ), the *McGill International Journal of Sustainable Development Law and Policy* (JSDLP), and the *McGill Journal of Law and Health* (MJLH).

##### 2.4.5.1 McGill Law Journal/Revue de droit de McGill

The *McGill Law Journal* (MLJ), founded in 1952, is a professional journal published by students of the Faculty of Law. Its purpose is to promote the study of the law in Canada and to help in the understanding of the civil law and common law systems. It publishes articles in both French and English.

The Journal also publishes the *Canadian Guide to Legal Citation*, which has been adopted by many leading legal periodicals in several countries. Each year,

## The McGill B.C.L./LL.B Program

*section 2.6.3: B.C.L. and LL.B. with Major Concentration; Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution (123 credits)*

*section 2.6.4: B.C.L. and LL.B. with Major Concentration; International Human Rights and Development (123 credits)*

*section 2.6.5: Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) with Honours (120 credits)*

*section 2.6.6: Joint M.B.A. with B.C.L. and LL.B. (144 credits)*

*section 2.6.7: Joint M.S.W. with B.C.L. and LL.B. (132 credits)*

### 2.6.1 Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) (105 credits)

Revision, August 2012. Start of revision.

At the Faculty of Law, students pursue an integrated program of studies which qualifies them for the Bar Admission Programs in all Canadian provinces. The Faculty grants concurrently both its degrees - Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) - to candidates who have successfully completed 105 credits.

Students should consult the Faculty website for updates: <http://www.mcgill.ca/law-studies/>.

#### Required Courses (53 credits)

##### First Year

The following 29 credits of courses may be taken only in the first year:

LAWG 100D1	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 100D2	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 101D1	(2.5)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
LAWG 101D2	(2.5)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
PRAC 147D1	(1.5)	Introductory Legal Research
PRAC 147D2	(1.5)	Introductory Legal Research
PRV1 144D1	(2.5)	Civil Law Property
PRV1 144D2	(2.5)	Civil Law Property
PUB2 101D1	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB2 101D2	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB3 116D1	(2)	Foundations
PUB3 116D2	(2)	Foundations

Note: In the Winter term of the first year, students may 295Rsoak

PUB2 111

(3)

Criminal Law

**Complementary Courses (9 credits)**

Complementary Civil Law Courses:

Students must take at least 3 credits from the following list of adv





c) writing an article, note, or comment of equivalent substance that is published or accepted for publication in the McGill Law Journal and approved by the Faculty Adviser to that publication.

Papers written jointly do not satisfy this requirement.

Revision, August 2012. End of revision.

#### 2.6.2 Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) with Minor (123 credits)

The B.C.L. and LL.B. with Minor is open to all students enrolled in the Faculty of Law and allows them to graduate with a minor concentration offered by McGill's Faculty of Arts or a minor offered by McGill's Faculty of Science.

Law students should consult the Faculty of Arts and Faculty of Science sections of the Undergraduate Programs, Courses and University Regulations publication available at <http://www.mcgill.ca/study/> to determine the requirements for individual minor concentrations and minors.

##### B.C.L. and LL.B. with Minor

In addition to the 105 credits needed for the B.C.L. and LL.B. program, students complete 18 further credits toward a minor program. Since Science minors are typically 24 credits and Arts minor concentrations are typically 18 credits, Law students will be allowed to count 6 credits of a 24-credit Science minor toward their Law degree as non-Law credits.

#### 2.6.3 B.C.L. and LL.B. with Major Concentration; Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution (123 credits)

Revision, August 2012. Start of revision.

The B.C.L. and LL.B. with a major concentration is open to all students enrolled in the Faculty of Law.

The Major Concentration in Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution is articulated around a synthetic skill set driven by the transversal theme "Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution" and is inspired by an interdisciplinary approach.

Law and non-law courses are combined with the practical experience acquired during an internship. The required writing of an independent essay allows students to integrate the various academic and clinical strands of the major program, and, more broadly, of legal learning.

The Major concentration is a 36-credit program. Students are permitted to include within their 105 credits for the B.C.L. and LL.B. 18 credits toward their Major concentration. The remaining 18 credits needed for the Major concentration are added on top of the 105 credits for the Law degrees for a total of 123

BUS1 432	(3)	Bankruptcy
BUS2 503	(3)	Business Organizations
BUS2 504	(3)	Securities Regulation
BUS2 505	(3)	Corporate Finance
CMPL 508	(2)	Research Seminar 1
CMPL 509	(2)	Research Seminar 2
CMPL 515	(3)	International Carriage of Goods by Sea
CMPL 521	(3)	Trade Regulation
CMPL 524	(3)	Entertainment Law
CMPL 533	(3)	Resolution of International Disputes
CMPL 543	(3)	Law and Practice of International Trade
CMPL 568	(3)	Extrajudicial Dispute Resolution
CMPL 574	(3)	Government Control Of Business
LAWG 200	(3)	Commercial Law
LAWG 400	(4)	Secured Transactions
LAWG 500	(3)	Complex Legal Transactions 1
LAWG 511	(1)	Specialized Topics in Law 1
LAWG 512	(1)	Specialized Topics in Law 2
LAWG 513	(2)	Specialized Topics in Law 3
LAWG 514	(2)	Specialized Topics in Law 4
LAWG 515	(2)	Specialized Topics in Law 5
LAWG 516	(3)	Specialized Topics in Law 6
LAWG 517	(3)	Specialized Topics in Law 7
LAWG 518	(3)	Specialized Topics in Law 8
LAWG 521	(3)	Student-Initiated Seminar 1
LAWG 522	(3)	Student-Initiated Seminar 2
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law
PROC 549	(3)	Lease, Enterprise, Suretyship
PRV4 451	(3)	Real Estate Transactions
PRV4 500	(3)	Restitution
PRV5 483	(3)	Consumer Law
PUB2 517	(3)	Corporate Taxation

#### Non-Law Courses

Students may take 6-12 credits of non-law courses. Students who take 6 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may count an additional 6 non-law credits toward their B.C.L. and LL.B. program. Students who take 9 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may count an additional 3 credits toward their B.C.L. and LL.B. Students who take 12 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may not count additional non-law credits toward their B.C.L. and LL.B.

Other non-law courses related to Commercial Negotiation and Dispute Resolution not included in these lists may be taken with the approval of the Program Adviser.

#### Non-Law Courses - Economics

ECON 223	(3)	Political Economy of Trade Policy
ECON 305	(3)	Industrial Organization
ECON 310	(3)	Introduction to Behavioural Economics

ECON 546 (3) Game Theory

Non-Law Courses - Management

BUSA 395 (3) Managing in Europe  
 BUSA 481 (3) Managing in North America  
 BUSA 493 (3) Global Economic Competitiveness  
 INDR 459 (3) International Employment Relations  
 INDR 492 (3) Globalization and Labour Policy  
 INDR 496 (3) Collective Bargaining  
 MGCR 211 (3) Introduction to Financial Accounting  
 MGCR 293 (3) Managerial Economics  
 MGCR 382 (3) International Business  
 MGCR 423 (3) Organizational Policy  
 MGPO 383 (3) International Business Policy  
 MGPO 440 (3) Strategies for Sustainability  
 MGPO 445 (3) Industry Analysis & Competitive Strategy  
 MGPO 450 (3) Ethics in Management  
 MGPO 460 (3) Managing Innovation  
 MGPO 468 (3) Managing Organizational Politics  
 MGPO 469 (3) Managing Globalization  
 MGPO 470 (3) Strategy and Organization  
 MGPO 567 (3) Business in Society  
 ORGB 325 (3) Negotiations and Conflict Resolution  
 ORGB 380 (3) Cross Cultural Management  
 ORGB 420 (3) Managing Organizational Teams

Non-Law Courses - Political Science

POLI 243 (3) International Politics of Economic Relations

Revision, August 2012. End of revision.

2.6.4 B.C.L. and LL.B. with Major Concentration; International Human Rights and Development (123 credits)

The B.C.L. and LL.B. with a major concentration is open to all students enrolled in the Faculty of Law.

The Major Concentration in International Human Rights and Development is articulated around a synthetic skill-set driven by the transversal theme "International Human Rights and Development" and inspired by an interdisciplinary approach.

Law and non-law courses are combined with the practical experience acquired during an internship. The required writing of an independent essay allows students to integrate the various academic and clinical strands of the major program, and, more broadly, of legal learning.

The Major concentration is a 36-credit program. Students are permitted to include within their 105 credits for the B.C.L. and LL.B. 18 credits toward their Major concentration. The remaining 18 credits needed for the Major concentration are added on top of the 105 credits for the Law degrees for a total of 123 credits.

Required Courses (6 credits)

WRIT 300D1 (3) Major Internship  
 WRIT 300D2 (3) Major Internship

Complementary Courses (30 credits)

Essay Course (3 credits)

3 credits from:

WRIT 491	(3)	Term Essay 1
WRIT 492	(3)	Term Essay 2
WRIT 493	(3)	Term Essay 3
WRIT 494	(3)	Term Essay 4
WRIT 495	(3)	Term Essay 5
WRIT 496	(3)	Term Essay 6

The essay must be written on a subject related to International Human Rights and Development. The essay is to be written in the fourth year of the program, in order to allow the student to integrate the various academic and clinical strands of the program. The topic must be approved by the Associate Dean (Academic).

Law and Non-Law Courses (27 credits)

27 credits from the following lists of law and non-law courses of which at least 6 credits must be from non-law courses.

Law Courses

15-21 credits of law courses selected from:

CMPL 508	(2)	Research Seminar 1
CMPL 509	(2)	Research Seminar 2
CMPL 516	(3)	International Development Law
CMPL 521	(3)	Trade Regulation
CMPL 533	(3)	Resolution of International Disputes
CMPL 543	(3)	Law and Practice of International Trade
CMPL 546	(3)	International Environmental Law and Politics
CMPL 565	(3)	International Humanitarian Law
CMPL 571	(3)	International Law of Human Rights
LAWG 503	(3)	Inter-American Human Rights
LAWG 511	(1)	Specialized Topics in Law 1
LAWG 512	(1)	Specialized Topics in Law 2
LAWG 513	(2)	Specialized Topics in Law 3
LAWG 514	(2)	Specialized Topics in Law 4
LAWG 515	(2)	Specialized Topics in Law 5
LAWG 516	(3)	Specialized Topics in Law 6
LAWG 517	(3)	Specialized Topics in Law 7
LAWG 518	(3)	Specialized Topics in Law 8
LAWG 521	(3)	Student-Initiated Seminar 1
LAWG 522	(3)	Student-Initiated Seminar 2
PUB2 105	(3)	Public International Law
PUB2 502	(3)	International Criminal Law
PUB2 503	(3)	Comparative Federalism
PUB2 551	(3)	Immigration and Refugee Law

Non-Law Courses

Students may take 6-12 credits of non-law courses. Students who take 6 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may count an additional 6 non-law credits toward their B.C.L. and LL.B. program. Students who take 9 non-law credits as part of their Major concentration may count an additional 3 credits toward their B.C.L. and LL.B. Students who take 12 non-law credits as part of their major concentration may not count additional non-law credits towards their B.C.L. and LL.B.

Other non-law courses related to International Human Rights and Development not included in these lists may be taken with the approval of the Program Adviser.

Non-Law Courses - Anthropology

ANTH 212	(3)	Anthropology of Development
ANTH 342	(3)	Gender, Inequality and the State
ANTH 418	(3)	Environment and Development
ANTH 439	(3)	Theories of Development

Non-Law Courses - Economics

ECON 223	(3)	Political Economy of Trade Policy
ECON 313	(3)	Economic Development 1
ECON 314	(3)	Economic Development 2
ECON 316	(3)	The Underground Economy
ECON 426	(3)	Labour Economics

Non-Law Courses - Geography

GEOG 200	(3)	Geographical Perspectives: World Environmental Problems
GEOG 210	(3)	Global Places and Peoples
GEOG 216	(3)	Geography of the World Economy
GEOG 408	(3)	Geography of Development
GEOG 410	(3)	Geography of Underdevelopment: Current Problems

Non-Law Courses - International Development

INTD 200	(3)	Introduction to International Development
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Non-Law Courses - Management

MGPO 469	(3)	Managing Globalization
MGPO 475	(3)	Strategies for Developing Countries
ORGB 380	(3)	Cross Cultural Management

Non-Law Courses - Political Science

POLI 227	(3)	Developing Areas/Introduction
POLI 243	(3)	International Politics of Economic Relations
POLI 300D1	(3)	Developing Areas/Revolution
POLI 300D2	(3)	Developing Areas/Revolution
POLI 323	(3)	Developing Areas/China and Japan
POLI 324	(3)	Developing Areas/Africa

POLI 340	(3)	Developing Areas/Middle East
POLI 345	(3)	International Organizations
POLI 351	(3)	The Causes of Major Wars
POLI 354	(3)	Approaches to International Political Economy
POLI 362	(3)	Political Theory and International Relations
POLI 474	(3)	Inequality and Development
POLI 522	(3)	Seminar: Developing Areas

#### Non-Law Courses - Sociology

SOCI 254	(3)	Development and Underdevelopment
SOCI 265	(3)	War, States and Social Change
SOCI 353	(3)	Inequality and Social Conflict
SOCI 370	(3)	Sociology: Gender and Development
SOCI 484	(3)	Emerging Democratic States
SOCI 519	(3)	Gender and Globalization
SOCI 550	(3)	Developing Societies

#### 2.6.5 Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) with Honours (120 credits)

The B.C.L. and LL.B. with Honours program is open to students who have completed four terms of study at the Faculty of Law and who, during that time, have maintained a GPA of 3.0. Students must complete 15 credits of Honours Thesis courses in addition to the 105 credits required in the B.C.L. and LL.B. program. Conditional upon submission and approval of an Honours Thesis, students will be granted a B.C.L. and LL.B. with Honours.

##### Required - Honours Thesis Courses (15 credits)

WRIT 450	(3)	Honours Thesis 1
WRIT 451	(6)	Honours Thesis 2
WRIT 452	(6)	Honours Thesis 3

#### 2.6.6 Joint M.B.A. with B.C.L. and LL.B. (144 credits)

Revision, August 2012. Start of revision.

A joint Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.) with integrated Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) program is offered by the Desautels Faculty of Management and the Faculty of Law. This joint program provides students the opportunity to pursue legal and administrative aspects of business. Successful candidates graduate with M.B.A., B.C.L., and LL.B. degrees, a trio that prepares them for careers in private and public enterprise, as well as government service.

Students complete 51 credits for the M.B.A. degree and 93 credits for the integrated B.C.L. and LL.B. degrees for a total of 144 credits.

##### Required Courses

Students complete 27 complementary credits toward the M.B.A. degree selected as follows:

15 credits toward one of the five concentrations of the M.B.A. degree: Finance, Global Leadership, Marketing, Technology and Innovation Management, or General Management.

12 additional credits at the 500 level or above offered by the Desautels Faculty of Management to complete the 27 credits of complementary courses.

Note: Students may have to follow one or all components of the M.B.A. Base Camp (Statistics, Math for Finance, Financial Accounting) prior to commencement of the M.B.A. depending on their academic background.

**Required Courses - Law (59 credits)**

BUS2 365	(4)	Business Associations
LAWG 100D1	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 100D2	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 101D1	(2.5)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
LAWG 101D2	(2.5)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
PRAC 147D1	(1.5)	Introductory Legal Research
PRAC 147D2	(1.5)	Introductory Legal Research
PRAC 155D1	(1.5)	Legal Ethics and Advocacy
PRAC 155D2	(1.5)	Legal Ethics and Advocacy
PROC 124D1	(2)	Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure
PROC 124D2	(2)	Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure
PROC 200	(3)	Advanced Civil Law Obligations
PRV1 144D1	(2.5)	Civil Law Property
PRV1 144D2	(2.5)	Civil Law Property
PRV3 200	(3)	Advanced Common Law Obligations
PRV4 144	(4)	Common Law Property
PUB2 101D1	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB2 101D2	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB2 111	(3)	Criminal Law
PUB3 116D1	(2)	Foundations
PUB3 116D2	(2)	Foundations
WRIT 400D1	(3)	Senior Essay
WRIT 400D2	(3)	Senior Essay

**Complementary Courses - Law (34 credits)**

Students complete 34 credits of complementary courses toward the B.C.L. and LL.B. degrees.

**Complementary Courses - Law, Civil Law (3 credits)**

Students complete 3 credits of civil law courses. The following courses count for their full credit weight as civil law:

BUS2 561	(3)	Insurance
LEEL 570	(3)	Employment Law
PROC 549	(3)	Lease, Enterprise, Suretyship
PRV1 555	(3)	Successions
PRV2 270	(3)	Law of Persons
PRV4 548	(3)	Administration Property of Another and Trusts

**Complementary Courses - Law, Common Law (3 credits)**



Students complete 3 credits of common law courses. The following courses count for their full credit weight as common law:

PRV3 534	(3)	Remedies
PRV4 451	(3)	Real Estate Transactions
PRV4 500	(3)	Restitution
PRV4 549	(3)	Equity and Trusts
PRV4 556	(3)	Wills and Estates
PRV5 582	(2)	Advanced Torts

**Complementary Course - Law, Civil & Common Law**

The following trans-systemic courses count half their credit weight toward the civil law requirement of 3 credits and half their credit weight toward the common law requirement of 3 credits:

CMPL 522	(3)	Medical Liability
LAWG 200	(3)	Commercial Law
LAWG 273	(3)	Family Law
LAWG 300	(3)	Family Property Law
LAWG 316	(3)	Private International Law
LAWG 400	(4)	Secured Transactions
LAWG 415	(3)	Evidence (Civil Matters)
LEEL 570	(3)	Employment Law
PRV5 483	(3)	Consumer Law

**Complementary Courses - Law, Social Diversity and Human Rights (3 credits)**

Students must take at least 3 credits from the following courses related to social diversity and human rights:

CMPL 500	(3)	Aboriginal Peoples and the Law
CMPL 504	(3)	Feminist Legal Theory
CMPL 511	(3)	Social Diversity and Law
CMPL 516	(3)	International Development Law
CMPL 565	(3)	International Humanitarian Law
CMPL 571	(3)	International Law of Human Rights
CMPL 575	(3)	Discrimination and the Law
LAWG 503	(3)	Inter-American Human Rights
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law
LEEL 582	(3)	Law and Poverty
PUB2 105	(3)	Public International Law
PUB2 500	(3)	Law and Psychiatry
PUB2 502	(3)	International Criminal Law
PUB2 551	(3)	Immigration and Refugee Law
PUB3 515	(3)	Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms

**Complementary - Law, Principles of Canadian Administrative Law (3 credits)**

BUS1 432	(3)	Bankruptcy
BUS2 504	(3)	Securities Regulation
CMPL 543	(3)	Law and Practice of International Trade

CMPL 574	(3)	Government Control Of Business
CMPL 575	(3)	Discrimination and the Law
CMPL 577	(3)	Communications Law
CMPL 580	(3)	Environment and the Law
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law
LEEL 570	(3)	Employment Law
LEEL 582	(3)	Law and Poverty
PRV4 545	(3)	Land Use Planning
PRV5 483	(3)	Consumer Law
PUB2 400	(3)	The Administrative Process
PUB2 401	(3)	Judicial Review of Administrative Action
PUB2 403	(2)	Municipal Law
PUB2 500	(3)	Law and Psychiatry
PUB2 551	(3)	Immigration and Refugee Law
WRIT 433D1	(3)	Legal Clinic 1
WRIT 433D2	(3)	Legal Clinic 1
WRIT 434	(3)	Legal Clinic 2
WRIT 435	(3)	Legal Clinic 3
WRIT 440	(6)	Clerkship A
WRIT 440D1	(3)	Clerkship A
WRIT 440D2	(3)	Clerkship A
WRIT 441	(3)	Clerkship B

#### Complementary Courses - Law, Other Courses (22 credits)

Students select the remaining 22 credits from among Faculty of Law offerings.

Revision, August 2012. End of revision.

#### 2.6.7 Joint M.S.W. with B.C.L. and LL.B. (132 credits)

Revision, August 2012. Start of revision.

A joint Master of Social Work (M.S.W.) with integrated Bachelor of Civil Law (B.C.L.) and Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) program is offered by the School of Social Work and the Faculty of Law.

Students complete 45 credits for the M.S.W. degree and 87 credits for the integrated B.C.L. and LL.B. degrees for a total of 132 credits.

#### Required Courses - Social Work (30 credits)

SWRK 643	(3)	Research Methods 2
SWRK 650	(3)	Field Work Practicum 1
SWRK 651	(3)	Field Work Practicum 2
SWRK 653	(3)	Research Methods 1
SWRK 660	(6)	Field Work Practicum 3
SWRK 691	(12)	Social Work / Law Independent Study Project

#### Complementary Courses - Social Work (15 credits)

Students complete 15 credits of SWRK 500- or 600-level courses. Up to 6 graduate-level credits may be taken outside the School of Social Work with the approval of the Academic Adviser.

Required Courses - Law (53 credits)

BUS2 365	(4)	Business Associations
LAWG 100D1	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 100D2	(3)	Contractual Obligations
LAWG 101D1	(2.5)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
LAWG 101D2	(2.5)	Extra-Contractual Obligations/Torts
PRAC 147D1	(1.5)	Introductory Legal Research
PRAC 147D2	(1.5)	Introductory Legal Research
PRAC 155D1	(1.5)	Legal Ethics and Advocacy
PRAC 155D2	(1.5)	Legal Ethics and Advocacy
PROC 124D1	(2)	Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure
PROC 124D2	(2)	Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure
PROC 200	(3)	Advanced Civil Law Obligations
PRV1 144D1	(2.5)	Civil Law Property
PRV1 144D2	(2.5)	Civil Law Property
PRV3 200	(3)	Advanced Common Law Obligations
PRV4 144	(4)	Common Law Property
PUB2 101D1	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB2 101D2	(3)	Constitutional Law
PUB2 111	(3)	Criminal Law
PUB3 116D1	(2)	Foundations
PUB3 116D2	(2)	Foundations

Complementary Courses - Law (34 credits)

Students complete 34 credits of complementary courses toward the B.C.L. and LL.B. degrees.

Complementary Courses - Law, Civil Law (3 credits)

PRV5 582 (2) Advanced Torts

**Complementary Courses - Law, Civil & Common Law**

The following trans-systemic courses count half their credit weight toward the civil law requirement of 3 credits and half their credit weight toward the common law requirement of 3 credits:

CMPL 522	(3)	Medical Liability
LAWG 200	(3)	Commercial Law
LAWG 273	(3)	Family Law
LAWG 300	(3)	Family Property Law
LAWG 316	(3)	Private International Law
LAWG 400	(4)	Secured Transactions
LAWG 415	(3)	Evidence (Civil Matters)
LEEL 570	(3)	Employment Law
PRV5 483	(3)	Consumer Law

**Complementary Courses - Law, Social Diversity and Human Rights (3 credits)**

Students must take at least 3 credits from the following courses related to social diversity and human rights:

CMPL 500	(3)	Aboriginal Peoples and the Law
CMPL 504	(3)	Feminist Legal Theory
CMPL 511	(3)	Social Diversity and Law
CMPL 516	(3)	International Development Law
CMPL 565	(3)	International Humanitarian Law
CMPL 571	(3)	International Law of Human Rights
CMPL 573	(3)	Civil Liberties
CMPL 575	(3)	Discrimination and the Law
LAWG 503	(3)	Inter-American Human Rights
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law
LEEL 582	(3)	Law and Poverty
PUB2 105	(3)	Public International Law
PUB2 500	(3)	Law and Psychiatry
PUB2 502	(3)	International Criminal Law
PUB2 551	(3)	Immigration and Refugee Law
PUB3 515	(3)	Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms

**Complementary Courses - Law, Principles of Canadian Administrative Law (3 credits)**

BUS1 432	(3)	Bankruptcy
BUS2 504	(3)	Securities Regulation
CMPL 543	(3)	Law and Practice of International Trade
CMPL 574	(3)	Government Control Of Business
CMPL 575	(3)	Discrimination and the Law
CMPL 577	(3)	Communications Law
CMPL 580	(3)	Environment and the Law
LEEL 369	(3)	Labour Law



## **2. Advanced Private Law**

Advanced Common Law Obligations (PRV3 200)  
Advanced Torts (PRV5 582)  
Equity and Trusts (PRV4 549)  
Real Estate Transactions (PRV4 451)  
Remedies (PRV3 534)  
Restitution (PRV4 500)  
Wills and Estates (PRV4 556)  
*Transsystemic Private Law*  
Business Associations (BUS2 365)  
Commercial Law (LAWG 200)  
Consumer Law (PRV5 483)  
Evidence (Civil Matters) (LAWG 415)  
Family Law (LAWG 273)  
Family Property Law (LAWG 300)  
Medical Liability (CMPL 522)  
Private International Law (LAWG 316)  
Secured Transactions (LAWG 400)

## **3. Legal Theory, Legal Traditions and Legal History**

Aboriginal Peoples and the Law (CMPL 500)  
Advanced Jurisprudence (CMPL 505)  
Canadian Legal History (CMPL 547)  
Feminist Legal Theory (CMPL 504)  
Foundations (PUB3 116D1 / PUB3 116D2)  
Jurisprudence (CMPL 501)  
Legal Theory (CMPL 506)  
Linguistic and Literary Approaches to Law (CMPL 507)  
Roman Law (CMPL 510)  
Talmudic Law (CMPL 513)  
Theories of Justice (CMPL 512)

## **4. Human Rights and Cultural Diversity**

Aboriginal Peoples & Law (CMPL 500)  
Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms (PUB3 515)  
Civil Liberties (CMPL 573)  
Discrimination and the Law (CMPL 575)  
Inter American Human Rights (LAWG 503)  
International Humanitarian Law (CMPL 565)  
International Human Rights Internship (WRIT 020)  
International Law of Human Rights (CMPL 571)  
Social Diversity and Law (CMPL 511)

## 5. Social Law

Employment La

### **9. International Business Law**

European Community Law 1 (CMPL 536)  
European Community Law 2 (CMPL 537)  
International Business Enterprises (CMPL 541)  
International Carriage of Goods by Sea (CMPL 515)  
International Development Law (CMPL 516)  
International Maritime Conventions (CMPL 553)  
Law and Practice of International Trade (CMPL 543)  
Resolution of International Disputes (CMPL 533)  
Trade Regulation (CMPL 521)

### **10. Public International Law**

International Criminal Law (PUB2 502)  
International Environmental Law and Politics (CMPL 546)  
International Humanitarian Law (CMPL 565)  
International Human Rights Internship (WRIT 020)  
International Law of Human Rights (CMPL 571)  
The Law of International Organization (PUB2 506)  
Public International Law (PUB2 105)  
Summer Arbitration Program (LAWG 5XX)

### **11. Criminal Law**

Advanced Criminal Law (PUB2 501)  
Criminal Law (PUB2 111)  
Criminal Procedure (PUB2 422)  
Evidence (Criminal Matters) (LAWG 426)  
International Criminal Law (PUB2 502)  
International Law of Human Rights (CMPL 571)  
Sentencing in Canadian Law (PUB2 504)

### **12. Advocacy and the Legal Profession**

Civil Litigation Workshop (PROC 459)  
Criminal Procedure (PUB2 422)  
Evidence (Civil Matters) (LAWG 415)  
Evidence (Criminal Matters) (LAWG 426)  
Extrajudicial Dispute Resolution (CMPL 568)  
Introductory Legal Research (PRAC 147D1 / PRAC 147D2)  
Judicial Institutions and Civil Procedure (PROC 124)  
Legal Ethics and Advocacy (PRAC 155D1 / PRAC 155D2)  
Legal Professions and Ethics (PUB3 424)  
Trial Advocacy (PUB2 420)